

Midocean University
Faculty of Management
Bachelor's Project
Management



The Impact of Training on Enhancing Job Performance at SABIC, Jubail KSA

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1st Semester- 2025

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Introduction

The Industrial Revolution marked a period of unprecedented advancement across multiple sectors, necessitating swift adaptation at all levels—individual, organizational, and societal. Elevating living standards emerged as a central objective in response to these rapid changes. This imperative for adaptability continues to be vital for contemporary enterprises, which face complex internal and external transformations in today's dynamic landscape (Hedaya et al., 2022). Consequently, an organization's capacity to embrace change has become a key determinant of its survival and achievement of strategic goals (Marta, 2017). Moreover, the prevailing materialistic orientation within modern work environments has redefined success metrics, positioning human capital as the foundational element in driving organizational excellence (Arafat et al., 2023).

Training is widely recognized as a vital and intricate element of human resource development, receiving substantial emphasis due to its role in enhancing employee performance. Through targeted training initiatives, individuals seek to refine their competencies and adapt effectively to occupational demands, ensuring they carry out their responsibilities with confidence and efficiency (Arafat et al., 2023). Conceptually, training encompasses a broad set of activities aimed at imparting, cultivating, and improving skill sets, productivity, professionalism, behavior, and ethical standards—aligned with the functional requirements of specific positions (Mangkongara, 2013). Closely related is the concept of employee development, which refers to systematically expanding an employee's capacity to meet and exceed performance expectations. As employees grow professionally, their satisfaction increases, which in turn contributes to heightened organizational productivity and profitability (Chambers, 2006).

Zheng (2009) highlighted a statistically significant correlation between employee training and enhanced performance, particularly in the

execution of diverse tasks. The findings demonstrated that employees who underwent training exhibited greater proficiency across various job functions, whereas those without training showed reduced performance capabilities. This establishes a clear and direct link between training initiatives and employee effectiveness. In most professions, on-the-job training constitutes an essential component of workforce development, providing tangible advantages for both employees and organizations. Training programs are commonly implemented to orient new hires to their responsibilities and organizational protocols, thus facilitating smoother integration and higher efficiency (Tukunimulongo et al., 2016).

Although previous research has shown that training is generally successful, it has often been unclear exactly what type of training and how best to deliver it to maximize performance gains. An employee's performance in a company does not always improve after attending training, sometimes an employee's performance declines. This is due to several factors, namely the qualifications of the employees who will participate in the training are not suitable, the providers are not suitable, the content of the training materials, training methods, training sites, training environment and training time (Nordiana Dehan & Pratama, 2018).

It is hoped that the research will provide information that can be useful to all managers in line with the implementation of on-the-job training. It also aims to help them find effective ways to develop and implement on-the-job training. It is expected that human resources training institutions will find this study very useful in developing their future training programs. Bafaneli et al. (2015). By uncovering optimal training approaches, this research provides actionable recommendations for company to invest wisely and get the most out of their training programs. Moreover, it takes into account the dynamic nature of today's business environment, ensuring its findings are directly relevant and applicable. This research not only

builds on existing knowledge but also lays the groundwork for further exploration of specific training modalities and their impact in different contexts. Ultimately, it has the potential to significantly advance knowledge, improve organizational practices, and boost employee performance in the modern business landscape.

While previous research has established a positive correlation between training and performance, factors influencing the effectiveness of training programs remain an area of exploration. This research aims to address this gap by examining the relationship between various training practices and employee performance outcomes at SABIC. The findings of this study are expected to provide valuable insights for SABIC's management in designing and implementing effective training programs, ultimately contributing to improved employee performance and organizational success

Research Problem

In light of the rapidly evolving nature of the contemporary business landscape, organizations increasingly regard training as a strategic instrument for empowering human resources with the requisite skills and knowledge to attain optimal performance. While the positive impact of training on employee efficiency is widely recognized, a critical gap persists in understanding the most effective training formats, delivery mechanisms, and contextual variables that shape training outcomes in dynamic market conditions. Accordingly, this research seeks to address these gaps by examining the influence of diverse training practices on employee performance within SABIC, located in JUBAIL, Saudi Arabia.

Research significant

The process of continuous training is considered one of the most important effective means of influencing and adapting the human resource to work and keeping it always in the picture with the latest developments and scientific and practical methods at the internal and external levels of the organization. The modern vision of training has proven that it is one of the best types of organizational investments, and that it is an investment with a high return. In the short and long term, management must provide financial capabilities and specialists for training, which may be expensive for the organization, but the return will be comfortable for it by improving the level of efficiency and performance of individuals as well as raising productivity, thus ensuring the continued survival of the organization (Arafat et al, 2023)

Theoretical significance:

This research seeks to contribute to the theoretical understanding of training effectiveness by studying the relationship between different training practices and employee performance at SABIC Company. This study can identify the factors that affect the effectiveness of training programs. This can contribute to developing a more comprehensive theoretical framework for understanding the effectiveness of training in different contexts.

The findings may challenge or refine existing theoretical models of training effectiveness by highlighting previously not considered factors or

interactions between variables. This can lead to a more nuanced and nuanced understanding of the complex relationship between training and performance.

Empirical significance:

The results can provide valuable insights to the SABIC management team in designing and implementing effective training programs tailored to meet the specific needs of their employees and organizational goals. This can lead to improved employee performance, increased productivity, and ultimately, enhanced organizational success.

These insights can also benefit training organizations by informing the development of more impactful programs and other organizations by helping them improve their training practices and achieve better results. By understanding the factors that contribute to training effectiveness, these organizations can create more targeted and impactful training programs for their clients.

Research Questions

- What is the impact of management's interest in the training component on improving job performance in SABIC company?
- What is the impact of training programs in the institution on Improving job performance in SABIC company?
- What is the impact of implementing and evaluating training within the organization on Improving job performance in SABIC company?

Research Objectives

- To analyze the impact of training on enhancing job performance at SABIC.
- To examine how management's attention to the training component influences employee performance at SABIC.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of institutional training programs in improving job performance within SABIC's work environment.
- To explore the role of implementing and assessing internal training activities in strengthening staff competency and overall job performance at SABIC

Research Hypotheses

- **Primary Hypothesis (H_1):**

Training activities have a statistically significant influence on enhancing job performance within SABIC.

- **Sub-Hypothesis (H_a):**

Management's attention to training initiatives significantly contributes to improvements in job performance at SABIC.

- **Sub-Hypothesis (H_b):**

The availability and quality of training programs within SABIC play a vital role in advancing employee performance.

- **Sub-Hypothesis (H_c):**

The execution and systematic evaluation of training efforts within SABIC have a measurable effect on employee job performance outcomes.

Research Model

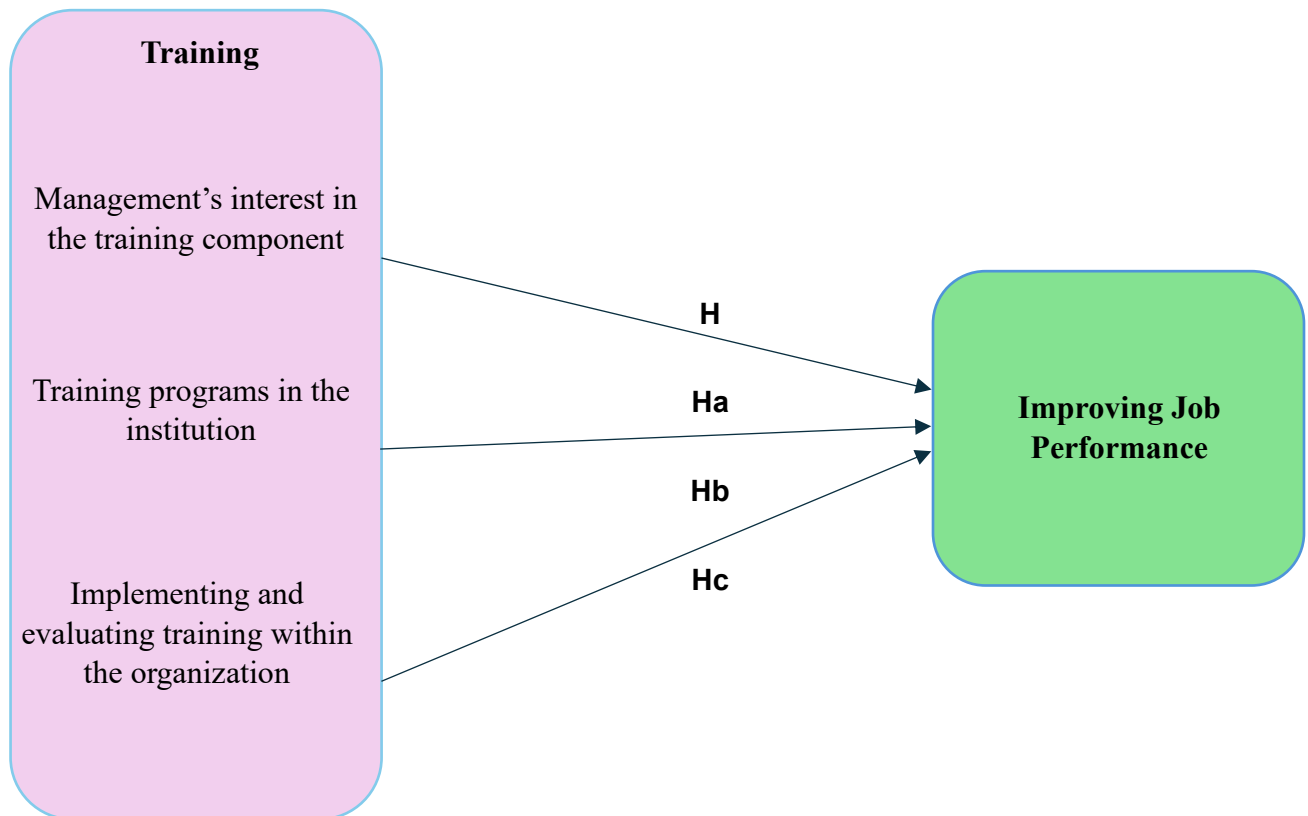


Figure 1: Designed By The Researcher, (2025)

Research Methodology

- **Research philosophy:** Positivism
- **Research approach:** Deductive
- **Research strategy:** Case study
- **Research choice:** Mixed Methods
- **Time horizon:** Cross-sectional
- **Data collection and analysis techniques:** Questionnaires

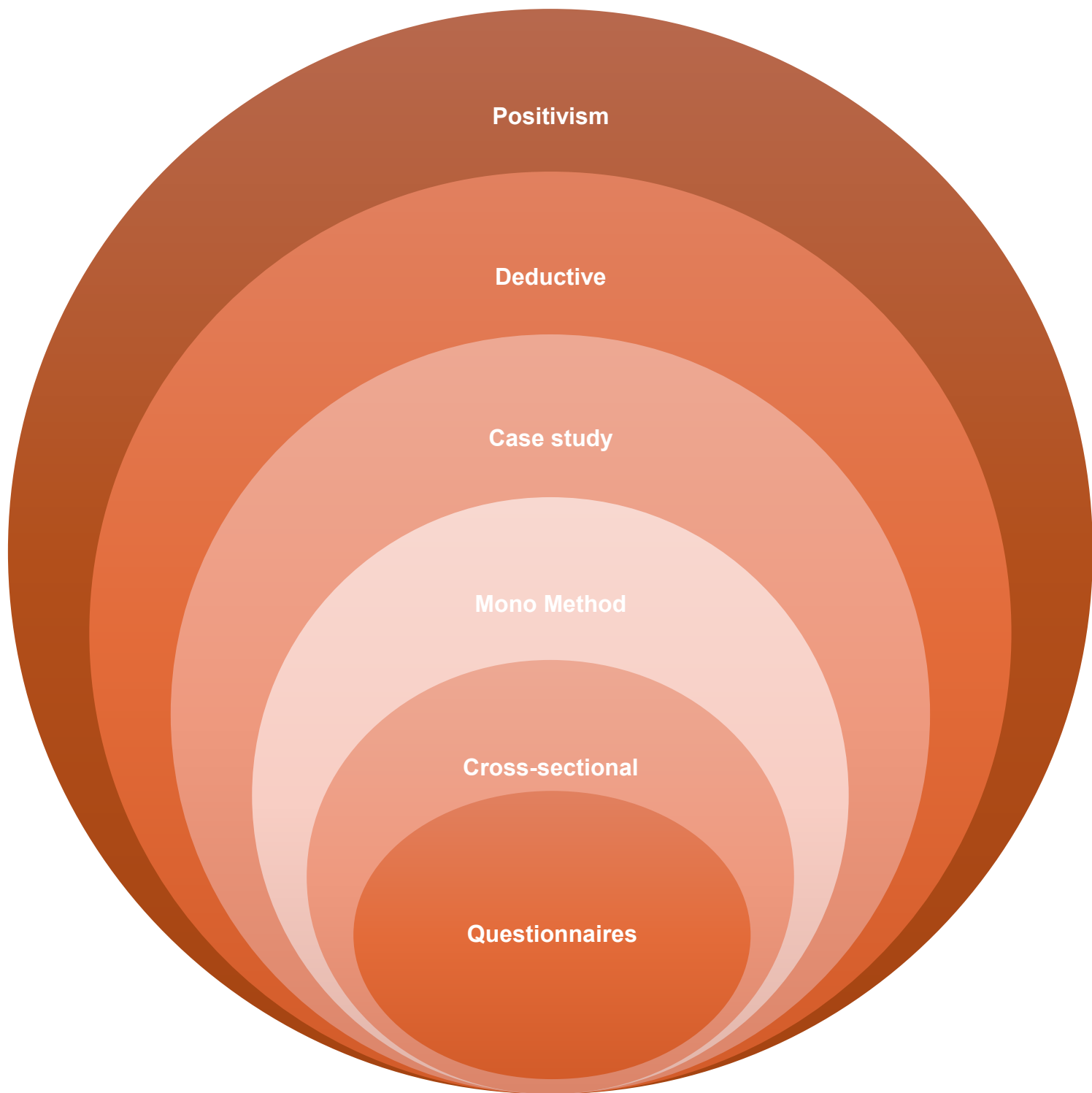


Figure 2: Designed By The Researcher, (2025)

Empirical Study

A field study will be conducted at **SABIC**, a leading industrial company in Saudi Arabia, to evaluate the impact of training programs on employee job performance. This research adopts a mixed-method approach, combining quantitative data (such as surveys and performance indicators) with qualitative insights derived from interviews with employees and supervisors. This integrated methodology enables a thorough assessment of changes in knowledge, skills, and performance following training.

By comparing pre-training and post-training data, researchers will be able to determine the direct impact of the training initiatives. The anticipated findings are expected to reveal a noticeable improvement in employee performance, which will support the development of more refined programs that target specific skill gaps and enhance job satisfaction. Ultimately, this study aims to reinforce SABIC's mission of delivering high-quality industrial services by ensuring its workforce is equipped with the expertise and competencies needed for excellence.

Project Structure

Chapter 1: Introduction

Chapter 2: Literature Review

Chapter 3: Research Methodology

Chapter 4: Statistical Analysis

Chapter 5: Findings` Discussion and Conclusion

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